Figure 1A

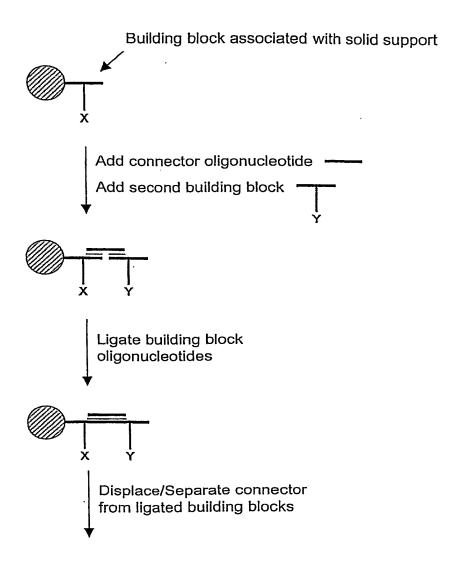
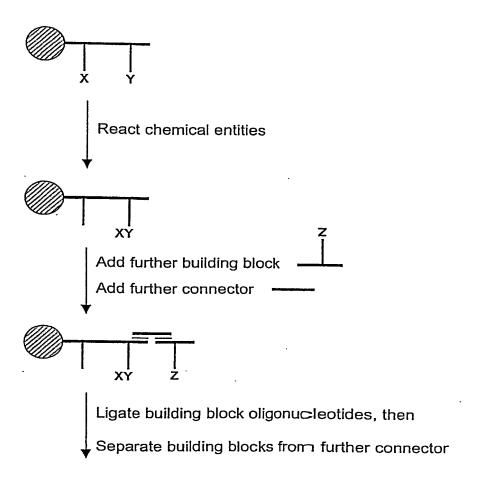




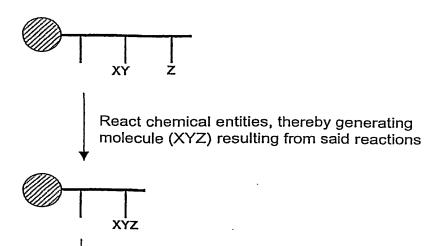
Figure 1B



= Solid support

3/32

Figure 1C



Repeat above steps if required, i.e.

Add even further connector oligonucleotide

Add even further building block(s)

Ligate building block oligonucleotides

Separate ligated building block oligonucleotides from (optionally ligated) connector oligonucleotide(s), then

React chemical entities, thereby generating further molecules



4/32

Figure 2A

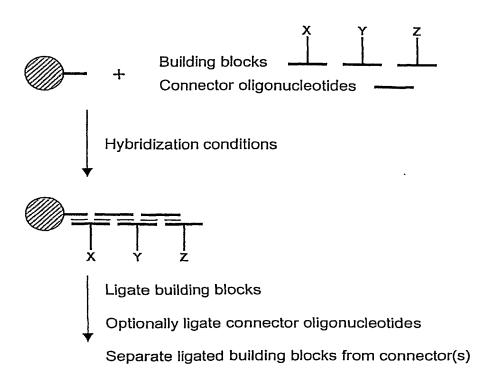
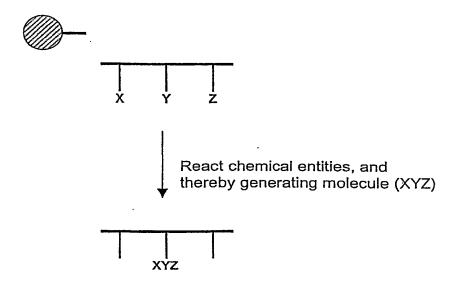
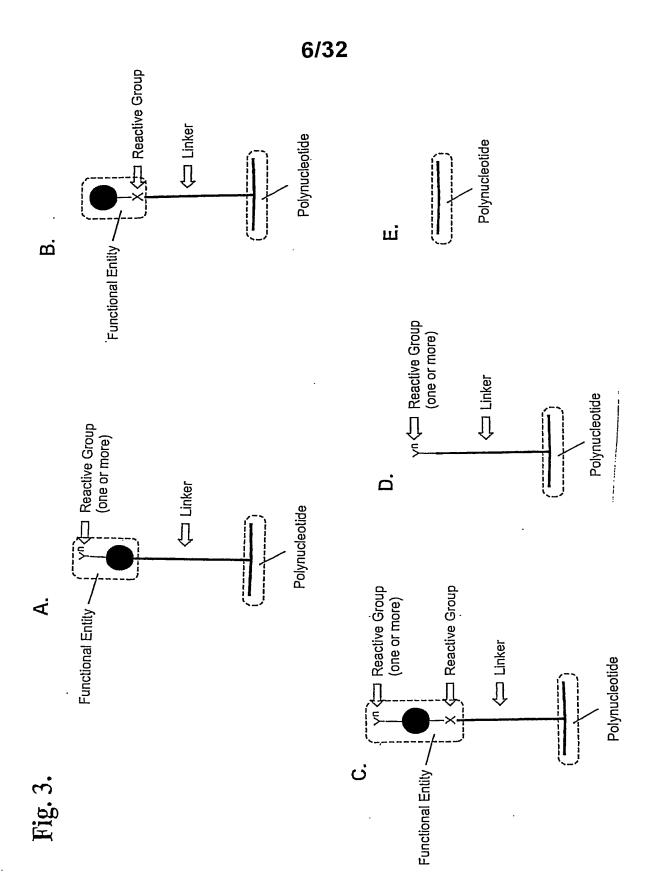


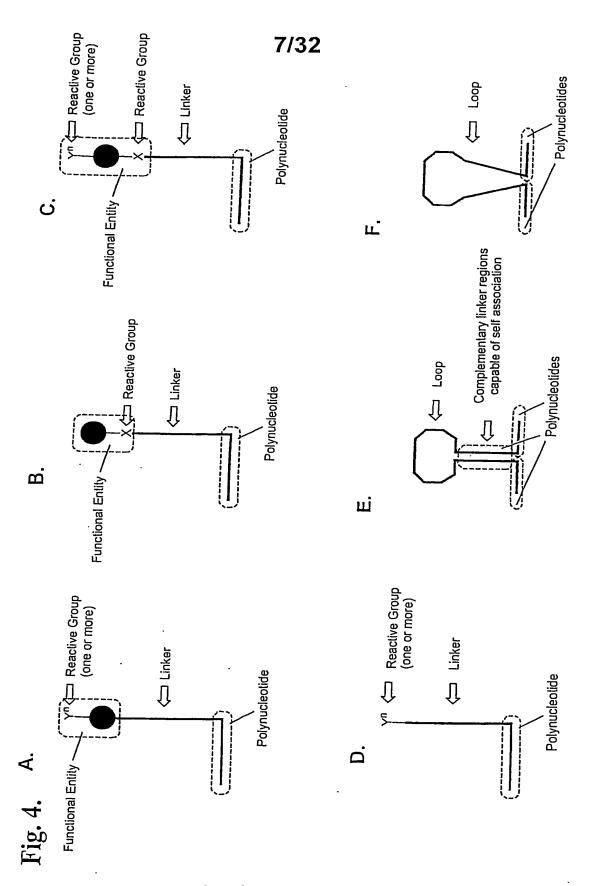
Figure 2B



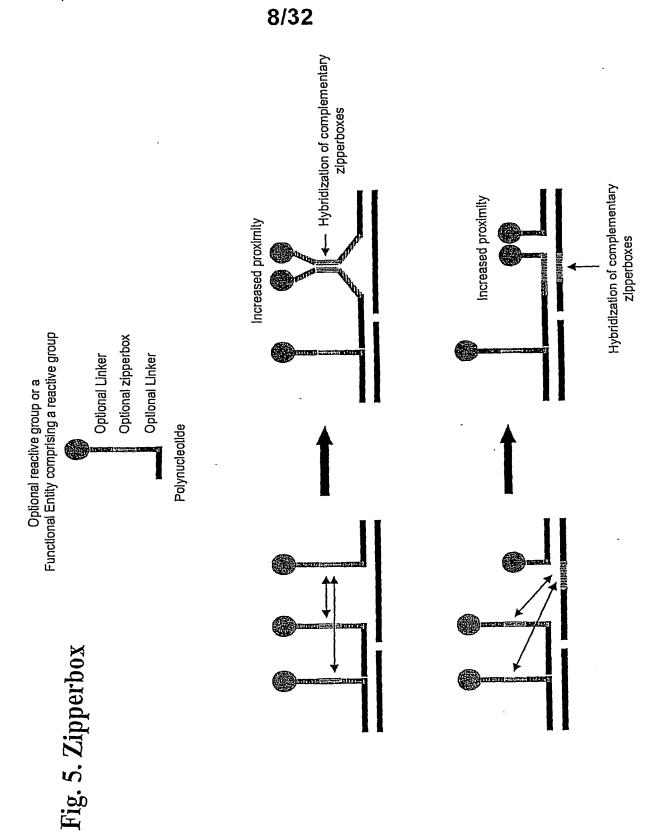
= Solid support



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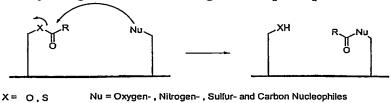


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Fig. 6. Reaction types allowing simultaneous reaction and linker cleavage.

Nucleophilic substitution using activation of electrophiles

A. Acylating monomer building blocks - principle



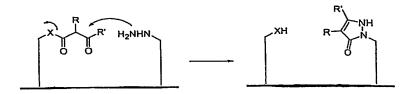
B. Acylation

Amide formation by reaction of amines with activated esters



C. Acylation

Pyrazolone formation by reaction of hydrazines with β -Ketoesters



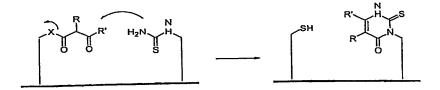
D. Acylation

Isoxazolone formation by reaction of hydroxylamines with β -Ketoesters



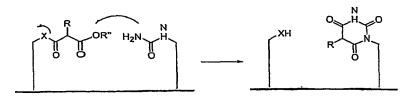
E. Acylation

Pyrimidine formation by reaction of thioureas with β -Ketoesters



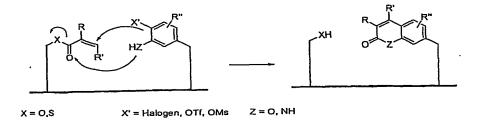
F. Acylation

Pyrimidine formation by reaction of ureas with Malonates



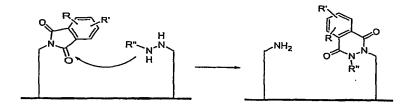
G. Acylation

Coumarine or quinolinon formation by a Heck reaction followed by a nucleophilic substitution



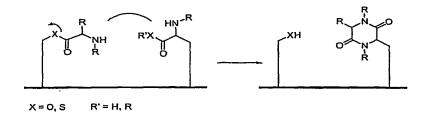
H. Acylation

Phthalhydrazide formation by reaction of Hydrazines and Phthalimides



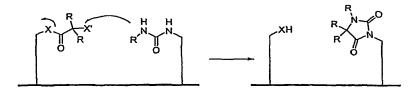
1. Acylation

Diketopiperazine formation by reaction of Amino Acid Esters



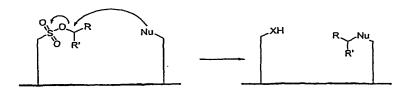
J. Acylation

Hydantoin formation by reaction of Urea and α-substituted Esters



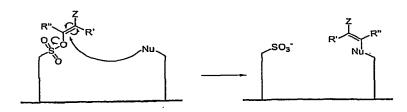
X = O, S X' = Hal, OTos, OMs, etc.

K. Alkylating monomer building blocks - principle Alkylated compounds by reaction of Sulfonates with Nucleofiles



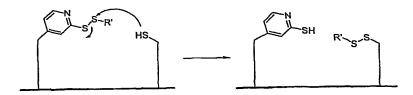
Nu = Oxygen- , Nitrogen- , Sulfur- and Carbon Nucleophiles

L. Vinylating monomer building blocks - principle



Z = CN, COOR, COR, NO $_2$, SO $_2$ R, S(=0)R, SO $_2$ NR $_2$, F Nu = Oxygen- , Nilrogen- , Sulfur- and Carbon Nucleophiles

M. Heteroatom electrophiles Disulfide formation by reaction of Pyridyl disulfide with mercaptanes

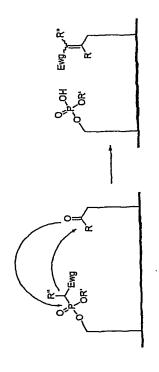


N. Acylation Benzodiazepinone formation by reaction of Amino Acid Esters and Amino Kefones

S'O¤X

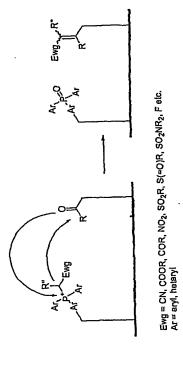
Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds

O. Wittig/Horner-Wittig-Emmons reagents Substituted alkene formation by reaction of Phosphonates with Aldehydes or Ketones



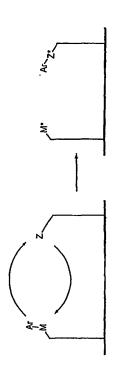
Ewg = CN, COOR, COR, NO2, SO2R, S(=O)R, SO2NR2, F etc.

P. Wittig/Horner-Wittig-Emmons reagents Substituted alkene formation by reaction of Phosphonates with Aldehydes or Ketones



Transition metal catalysed reactions

Q. Transition metal cat. Arylations



Z = haloaryi, halohelaryi, ArOMs, ArOTf, ArOTos or NHR or OH or SH etc.

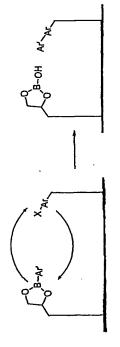
Z* = Aryl, hetaryl, NR or O or S etc

M = e.g. BR, BR2, SnR2 etc.

M = e.g. br., br., . Snr., etc. R = H, alkyl, aryl, hetaryl, OR, NR.

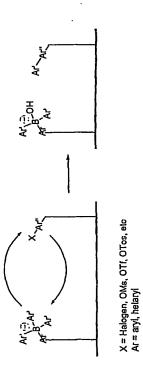
M* = e.g. B(OH)R, B(OH)R2; Sn(OH)R2 etc.

R. Arylation Biaryl formation by the reaction of Borates with Aryls or Heteroaryls

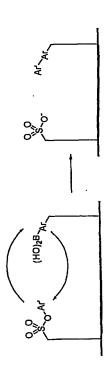


X = Halogen, OMs, OTf, OTos, etc

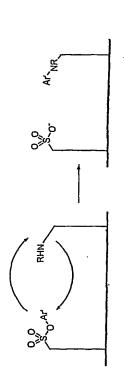
S. Arylation Biaryl formation by the reaction of Boronates with Aryls or Heteroaryls



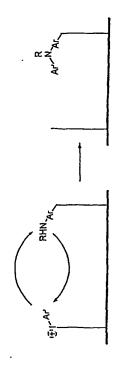
T. Arylation Biaryl formation by the reaction of Boronates with Aryls or Heteroaryls



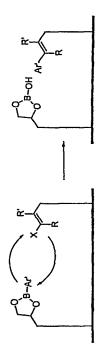
U. Arylation Arylamine formation by the reaction of amines with activated Aryls or Heteroaryls



V. Arylation Arylamine formation by the reaction of amines with hypervalent iodonium salts



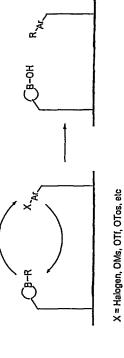
X. Arylation Vinylarene formation by the reaction of alkenes with Aryls or Heteroaryls



X = Halogen, OMs, OTf, OTos, etc

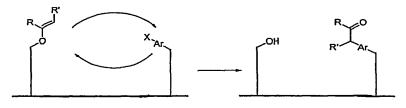
20/32

Y. Alkylation Alkylation of arenes/hetarens by the reaction with Alkyl boronates



Z. Alkylation Alkylation of arenes/hetarenes by reaction with enolethers

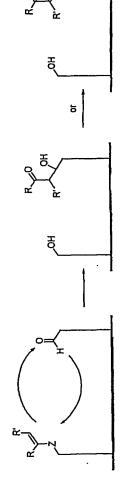
21/32



X = Halogen, OMs, OTf, OTos, etc

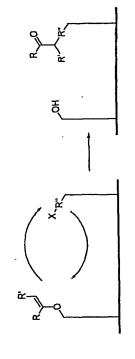
Nucleophilic substitution using activation of nucleophiles

AA. Condensations Alkylation of aldehydes with enolethers or enamines



Z = NR, O; X = Halogen, OMs, OTI, OTos, etc

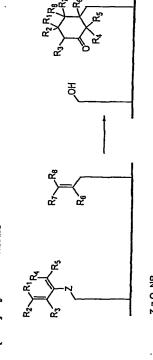
AB. Alkylation Alkylation of aliphatic halides or tosylates with enolethers or enamines



X = Halogen, OMs, OTf, OTos, etc

23/32

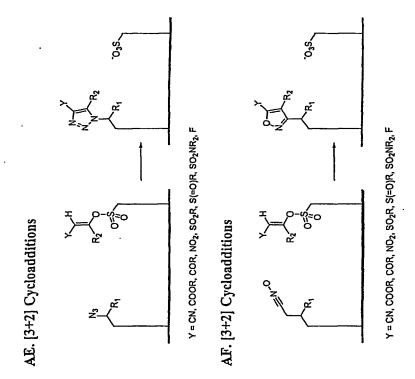
Cycloadditions
AC. [2+4] Cycloadditions



Y = CN, COOR, COR, NO2, SO2R, S(=0)R, SO2NR2, F

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24/32



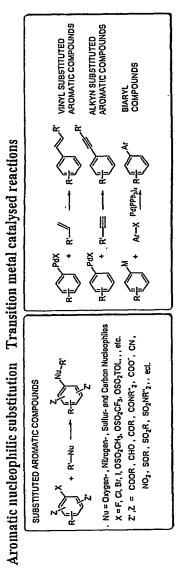
25/32

Figure 7. Pairs of reactive groups X,Y and the resulting bond XY.

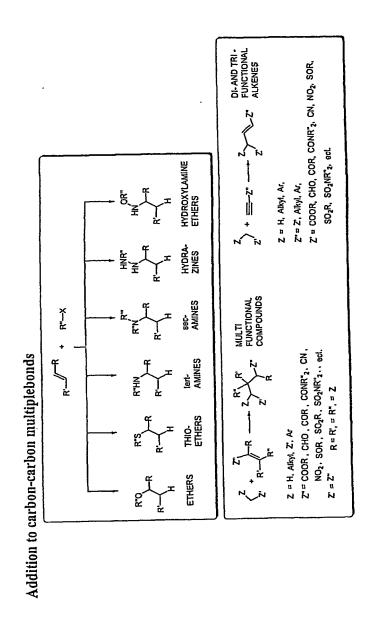
	THIOAMIDES	AMIDES	HIOAMIDES	OXIMES	SULFONAMIDES	DE AND TREFUNCTIONAL	DI- AND TRI- FUNCTIONAL COMPOUNDS	1'2. COO'.	
0	R C-R + R'-NH ₂ - R HN-R"	o, h w.	R + R - NH ₂ R	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	R'-502-1 + R'-K' R'502-N'	R-x + R-C - R-Z -	R. C + R. C - R.	Z,Z = COOR, CHO, COR, CONR'z. NO2, SOR, SO2R, SO2NR'z.	
ctions	ETHERS THIOETHERS	sec- AMINES (ert-AMINES	p-HYDROXY ETHERS	p-hydroxy Thioethers	t' p-hydroxy Amines	Y B-AMINO ETHERS	AMIDES	AMIDES	
titution rea	R 8-8-4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	### ###	#S +	H H	RHN OR'	R CO	R HN-R"	
Vucleophilic substitution reactions	R-X + R-O.	R-X + R'-NH2 R-X + R'-N-R'	Å + R-0.	A + R-S'	A + R-NH2	+ # # # O,	R-(+ R'-NH ₂	R-(+ R"-NH ₂	

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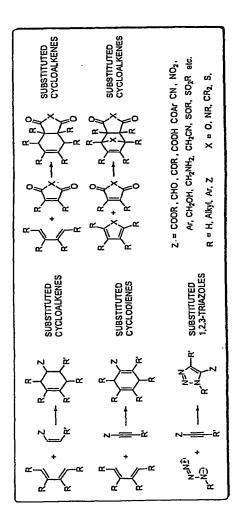
26/32



27/32



Cycloaddition to multiple bounds



Addition to carbon-hetero multiple bonds

30/32

Figure 8. Cleavable Linkers

A. Linker for the formation of Ketones, Aldehydes, Amides and Acids

B. Linker for the formation of Ketones, Amides and Acids

C. Linker for the formation of Aldehydes and Ketones

D. Linker for the formation of Alcohols and Acids

E. Linker for the formation of Amines and Alcohols

$$\underset{\mathsf{R}}{\overset{\mathsf{O}}{\searrow}}\underset{\mathsf{H}}{\overset{\mathsf{O}}{\searrow}}\underset{\mathsf{R}}{\overset{\mathsf{H}}{\longrightarrow}}\underset{\mathsf{R}}{\overset{\mathsf{H}}{\searrow}}\underset{\mathsf{OH}}{\overset{\mathsf{+}}{\longrightarrow}}\underset{\mathsf{R}-\mathsf{NH}_2}{\overset{\mathsf{+}}{\boxtimes}}$$

F. Linker for the formation of Esters, Thioesters, Amides and Alcohols

G. Linker for the formation of Sulfonamides and Alcohols

H. Linker for the formation of Ketones, Amines and Alcohols

. I. Linker for the formation of Ketones, Amines, Alcohols and Mercaptanes

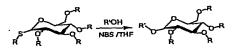
J. Linker for the formation of Biaryl and Bihetaryl

K. Linker for the formation of Benzyles, Amines, Anilins Alcohols and Phenoles

L. Linker for the formation of Mercaptanes

TCEP. = tris(2-carboxyethyl)phosphine

M. Linker for the formation of Glycosides



N. Linker for the formation of Aldehydes and Glyoxylamides

 \mathbf{O}_{\star} Linker for the formation of Aldehydes, Ketones and Aminoalcohols